

Pig Facts & Figures

Terminology

Sow:	mature female
Boar:	mature male
Gilt:	young female not yet farrowed
Weaner:	recently weaned or taken from sow
Feeders:	from weaning to slaughter
Farrowing:	sow giving birth

Biology

Normal body temperature:	101.6°F to 103.6°F
Age at puberty:	5-8 months
Heat period:	16-24 days and 1-3 days duration
Gestation period:	114 days
Productive life:	5-6 years

Productivity

2-3 litters per year of 8-12 piglets. At 225-250 lbs. market weight, a single sow can produce 2000-2500 lbs. of cut meat per year.
Well cared for pigs can reach market weight of 225 lbs. in 6 months.

Housing and Space

Inside Housing:

Piglet to weaner - 16 sq. ft.
Weaner to finish - 40 sq. ft.
Farrowing Sow - 40 sq. ft.

Paddocks

Sows - 10 per acre with litter
- 15 per acre without litter
Wean to finish - 1000 sq. ft. per pig



Facts & Figures source: Maine Organic Farmers and Gardeners Association Fact Sheet #16



Your partner in all phases of non-GMO swine production. We are here to help you succeed.

Contact your Pilgrim's Path consultant.

(315) 549-8226.

PILGRIM'S PATH

NON GMO FEEDS



Non-GMO Swine Care and Feeding Guide



Manufactured by Keystone Mills
1975 Rt. 336, Romulus, NY 14541

(315) 549 - 8226

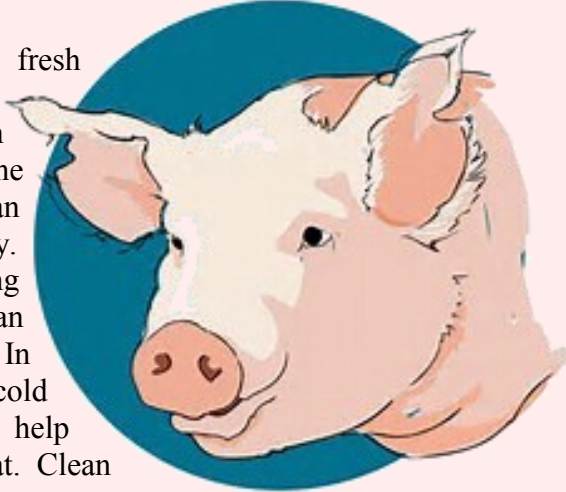


Pilgrim's Path non-GMO swine feeds are formulated with broad cooperation from Provimi, an international leader in swine nutrition. Using Provimi's vast research and knowledge base, Pilgrim's Path has developed a swine feeding program which optimizes performance while avoiding feed commodities that contain genetically modified organisms. Our goal is to provide the non-GMO swine producer with high quality palatable feed, promoting healthy growth, efficient weight gain, and good tasting meat at an affordable cost.



TIPS FOR CARE AND HANDLING OF PIGS

Provide good quality feed, fresh air, plenty of fresh water, rotation of pasture, clean bedding, and shelter from the elements. Overcrowding can result in fighting and injury. Giving your pigs something to keep them occupied can also help prevent fighting. In confined housing during cold weather, deep bedding will help with retention of body heat. Clean pens frequently.



Pigs are naturally curious but can be easily trained to an electric fence. Use two wires at nose and shoulder height. Adults can usually be contained with one wire. Be sure barn and fencing is secure. Pigs cannot sweat. In hot weather, provide fans for airflow. If your pigs are on pasture, they should have shade and an adequate place to wallow. Sprinklers can also be used to keep them cool. Since pigs are not ruminants, roughage in the diet should be limited.

Pilgrim's Path Non-GMO Swine Feeding Program

Pilgrim's Path Pig Starter*

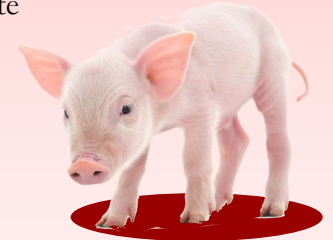
A nutritionally balanced, high protein, complete feed diet for young pigs up to 50 lbs.

Pilgrim's Path Pig Grower*

Provides complete nutrition for growing pigs from 50-150 lbs.

Pilgrim's Path Pig Finisher*

A finisher feed designed to efficiently grow pigs from 150 lbs. to market.



Pilgrim's Path Sow Gestation

A complete feed for gestating sows and gilts. Feed to desired body condition, generally 6 lbs./day. Increase slightly if housed in a cold barn.

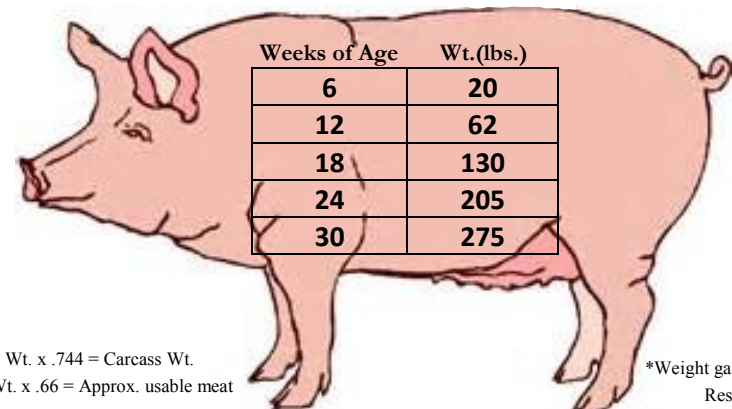
Pilgrim's Path Sow Lactation

A complete feed for lactating sows. Feed 2-8 lbs. the day of farrowing to day 3 and increase to ad-lib (free choice) 10-18 lbs./day to weaning.

** Stock item. Other bagged feeds by special order. Bulk orders - 3 ton minimum.*

Intestinal parasites pose a significant problem for pigs. Use of a dewormer is highly recommended. Keep areas where pigs are confined cleaned out and rotate pasture often to reduce exposure to parasites.

Approximate Weight at Weekly Intervals*



Live Wt. x .744 = Carcass Wt.
Carcass Wt. x .66 = Approx. usable meat

*Weight gain has many variables. Results may vary.